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## Horticultural Promotion in Kosovo (HPK)

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### KOSOVO HORTICULTURE TRADE BALANCE REPORT 2007-2010

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## Table of Contents

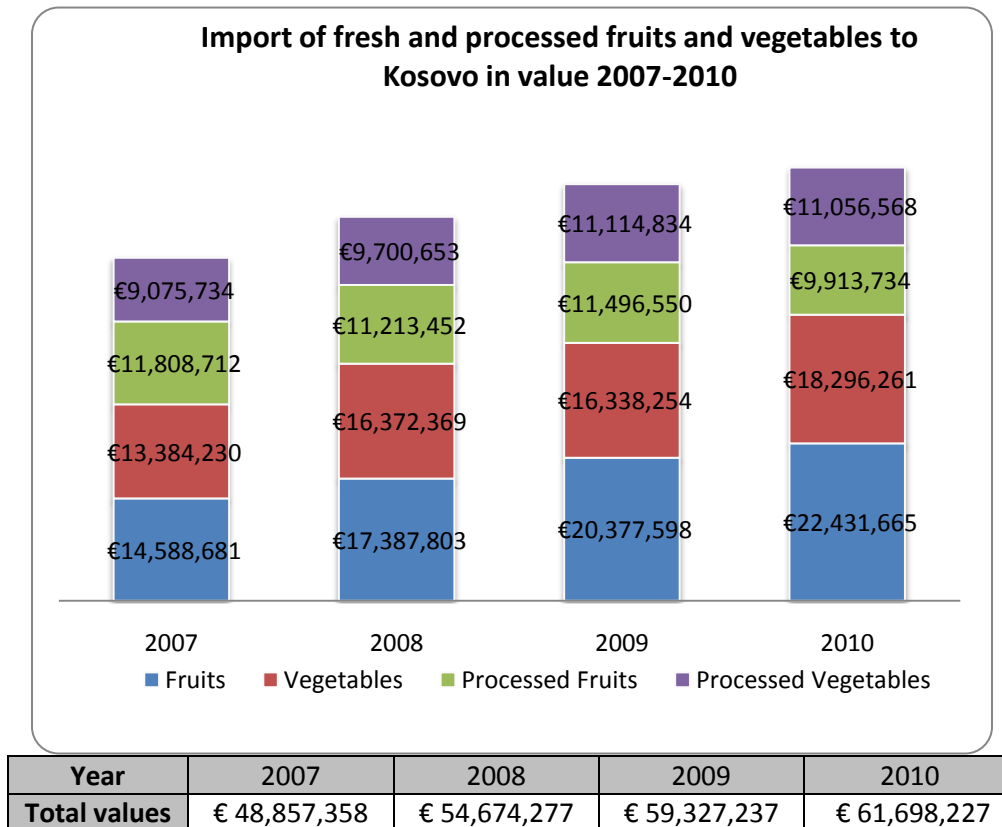
1. General Data on fresh and processed fruits and vegetables.....	2
1.1 General imports and exports in fresh and processed horticulture products 2007-2010.....	2
1.2 Total Imports of main horticulture groups in 2010.....	4
1.3 Total exports of main horticulture groups in 2010.....	5
2. Main vegetables – import and export data, trade by country 2007-2010.....	6
2.1 Import of main vegetables.....	6
2.2 Countries of origin of import for main vegetables.....	7
2.3 Export of main vegetables.....	8
2.4 Total imports and exports in vegetable group (2007-2010).....	8
2.5 Countries of destination of export for main vegetables.....	9
3. Main fruits – import and export data, trade by country 2007-2010.....	10
3.1 Import of main fruits.....	10
3.2 Countries of origin of import for main fruits.....	11
3.3 Export of main fruits.....	11
3.4 Total imports and exports in fresh fruit group (2007-2010).....	12
3.5 Countries of destination of export for main fruits.....	13
4. Processed fruit and vegetable products – import and export data, trade by country 2007-2010.....	14
4.1 Import of processed fruit and vegetable products.....	14
4.2 Countries of origin of import for processed fruit and vegetable products.....	15
4.3 Export of processed fruit and vegetable products.....	16
4.4 Countries of destination of export for processed fruit and vegetable products.....	17

# 1. General Data on fresh and processed fruits and vegetables

## 1.1 General imports and exports in fresh and processed horticulture products 2007-2010

This section analyzes general figures of horticulture production and provides the overall picture for trade in the horticulture sector.

Table 1<sup>1</sup> presents total imports of fresh fruits, fresh vegetables, processed fruit and processed vegetables in values:



**Table 1 – Import of fresh and processed fruits and vegetables to Kosovo in value (Euros) period 2007-2010**

Import of fruits has gradually increased and by a considerable value of almost 8 million Euros since 2007. Only in 2010 the increase in value of fruit import is about 2 million Euros.

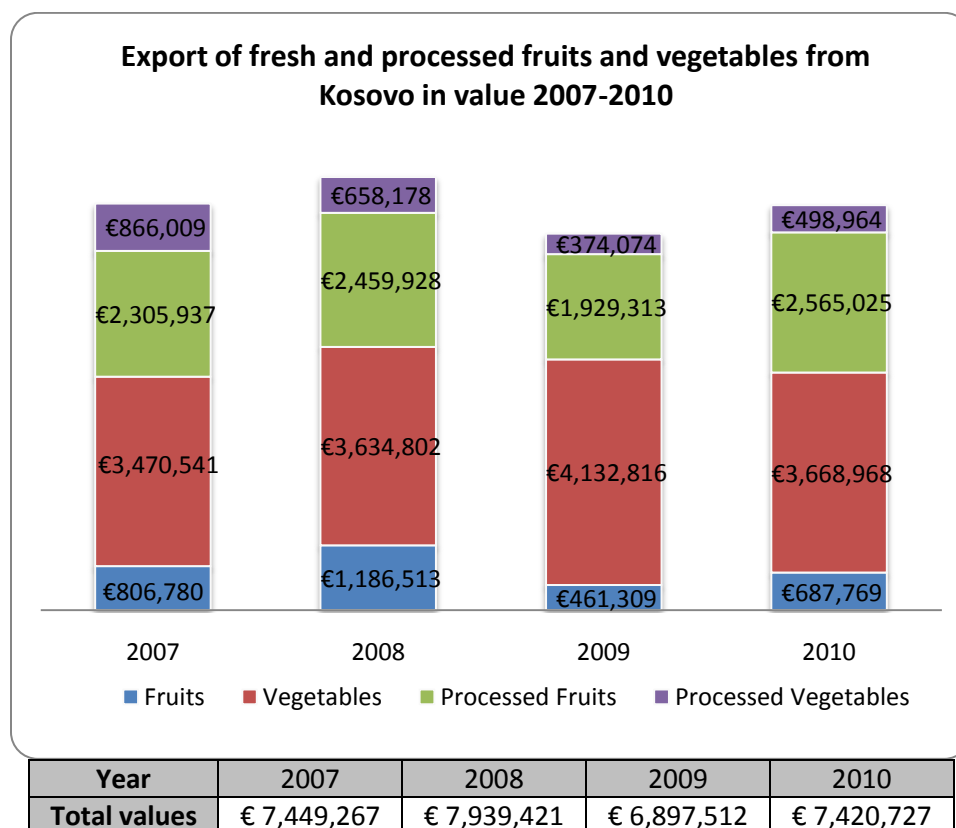
Import of vegetables shows an increase with a value of almost 5 million Euros compared to the beginning of the period in consideration. In 2010 the increase in value of vegetable import is almost 2 million Euros.

In terms of processed fruit products import there is a small decrease during the period presented in the graph. In year 2010, import of processed fruit products decreased by 1.6 Million Euros.

<sup>1</sup> Total import of fruits includes fruits cultivated and not cultivated in Kosovo such as citrus fruits, exotic fruits, different kinds of nuts, raisins and other dried fruits etc. Total import of vegetables includes crops both cultivated and not cultivated in Kosovo, fresh and dried vegetables (such as dried beans etc.), seeds (such as potatoes). Total import of processed fruit products includes mainly different jams, compotes, juices and concentrates. Total import of processed vegetable products includes mainly different vegetable pickle products, ajvar, processed tomatoes, mushrooms, potato fries and chips and different concentrates.

Import of processed vegetable products shows a slight increase since 2007. In 2010 there is a very slight decrease by about 58 thousand Euros in import of processed vegetable products over 2009.

Table 2 presents total exports of fresh fruits, fresh vegetables, processed fruit and processed vegetables in values:



**Table 2 – Export of fresh and processed fruits and vegetables to Kosovo in value (Euros) period 2007-2010**

Export of fresh fruits shows to be unstable over the period presented in the graph. In 2010 the total value of fruit export is less than in 2007.

Export of fresh vegetables shows to be relatively stable during the period presented in the graph, with exception of year 2009 where there is a jump in exports by a value of about 500 thousand Euros. In year 2010 the value of vegetable exports dropped back to the level of year 2008.

In terms of processed fruit products export there is a slight increase of values during the period presented. Year 2010 shows a considerable increase in values of processed fruit exports by 635 thousand Euros over 2009, which was the worst year within the period considered.

Export of processed vegetable products shows a decrease since 2007. In 2010 the value exported is close to 500 thousand Euros, which is higher than in 2009, but lower than the value of processed vegetables exported in 2007.

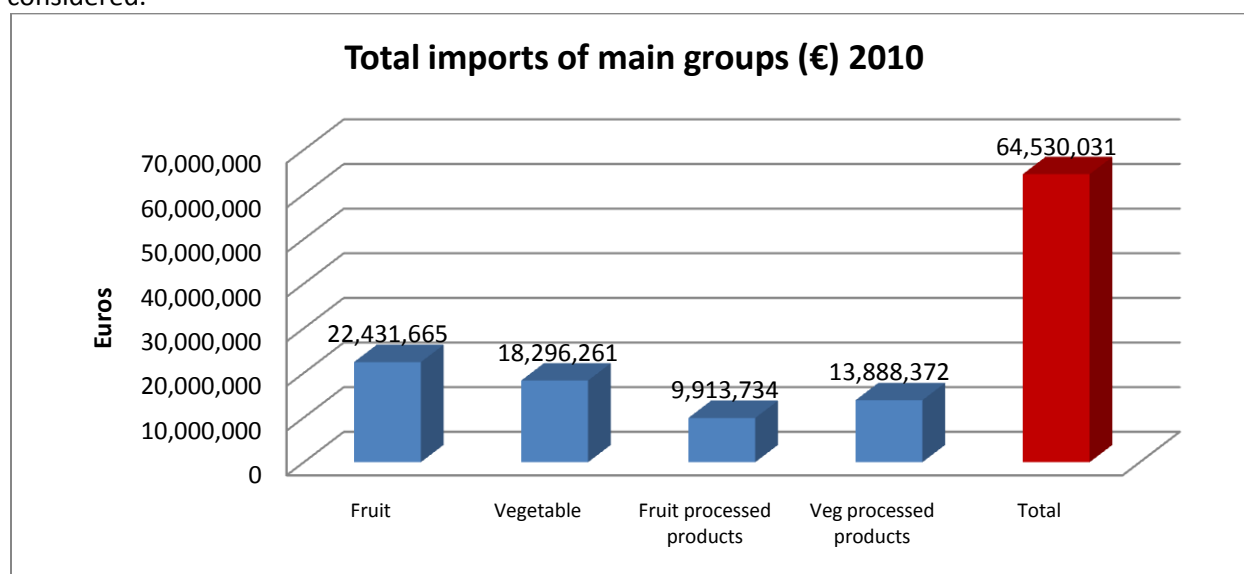
Below is a table showing the trade balance of Kosovo for the four categories in 2010.

<b>Table 3: Trade balance for fresh and processed fruits and vegetables in 2010</b>					
	Fruits	Vegetables	Proc. Fruits	Proc. Vegetables	Total
<b>Import</b>	€ 22,431,665	€ 18,296,261	€ 9,913,734	€ 11,056,568	<b>€ 61,698,227</b>
<b>Export</b>	€ 687,769	€ 3,668,968	€ 2,565,025	€ 498,964	<b>€ 7,420,727</b>
<b>Balance</b>	€ (21,743,895)	€ (14,627,292)	€ (7,348,709)	€ (10,557,604)	<b>€ (54,277,501)</b>

The trade balance of fresh fruits is highest negative by 21.7 Million Euros. Vegetables and processed vegetables have a negative trade balance of 14.6 Million Euros and 10.6 Million Euros. Processed fruits have a negative trade balance of 7.3 Million Euros.

## 1.2 Total Imports of main horticulture groups in 2010

As seen in the table below fresh fruits represent the highest value of imports among the groups considered.



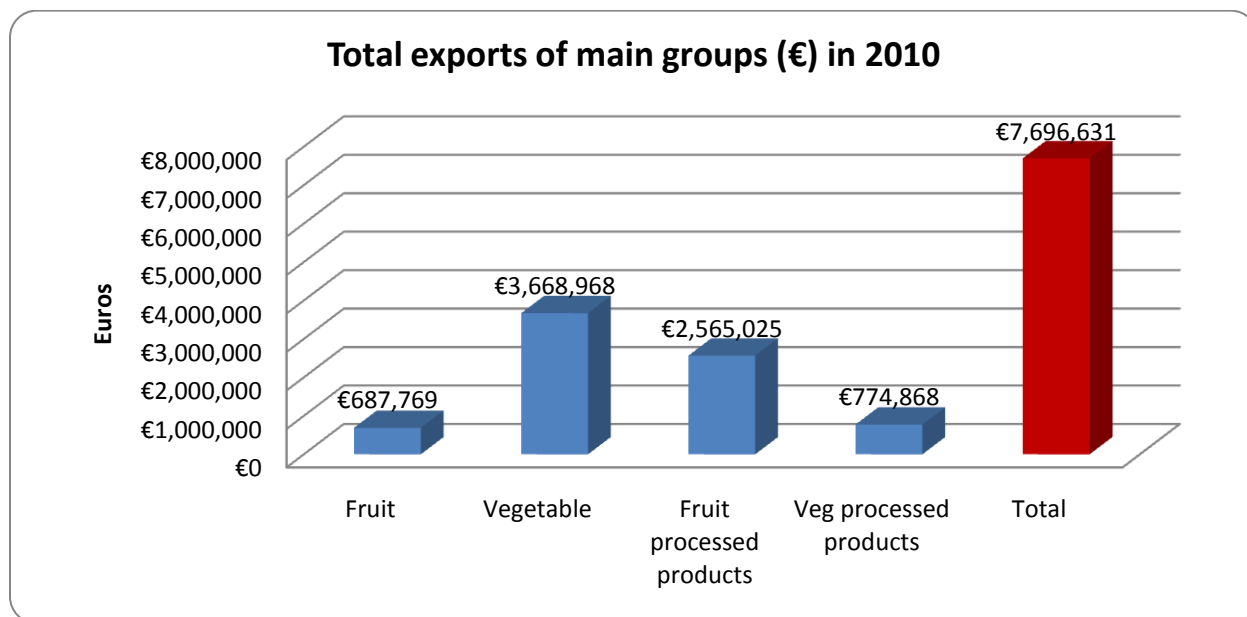
Total Imports	Fruit	Vegetable	Fruit processed products	Veg. processed products	Total
Value (€)	22,431,665	18,296,261	9,913,734	13,888,372	64,530,031
Quantity (t)	63,837	48,349	8,938	13,760	134,885

**Table 4. – Total import of main groups of products in Euros and tonnes in 2010**

Almost 64 thousand tonnes of fresh fruits were imported to Kosovo in 2010. Compared to year 2009 import of total fresh fruits has increased by at least 5 thousand tonnes. 48 thousand tonnes of vegetables were imported in 2010, with a value of 19.3 million Euros, that is about 4 thousand tonnes more than in 2009 (however 22 thousand tonnes less than in 2008). Processed fruit products import quantities are at about 9 thousand tonnes and processed vegetable products close to 13.8 thousand tonnes.

### 1.3 Total exports of main horticulture groups in 2010

As seen in the table below fresh vegetables represent the highest quantity of exports among the groups considered.



Total Exports 2010	Fruit	Vegetable	Fruit processed products	Veg. processed products	Total
Value (€)	687,769	3,668,968	2,565,025	774,868	<b>7,696,631</b>
Quantity (t)	811	23,357	6,884	828	<b>31,881</b>

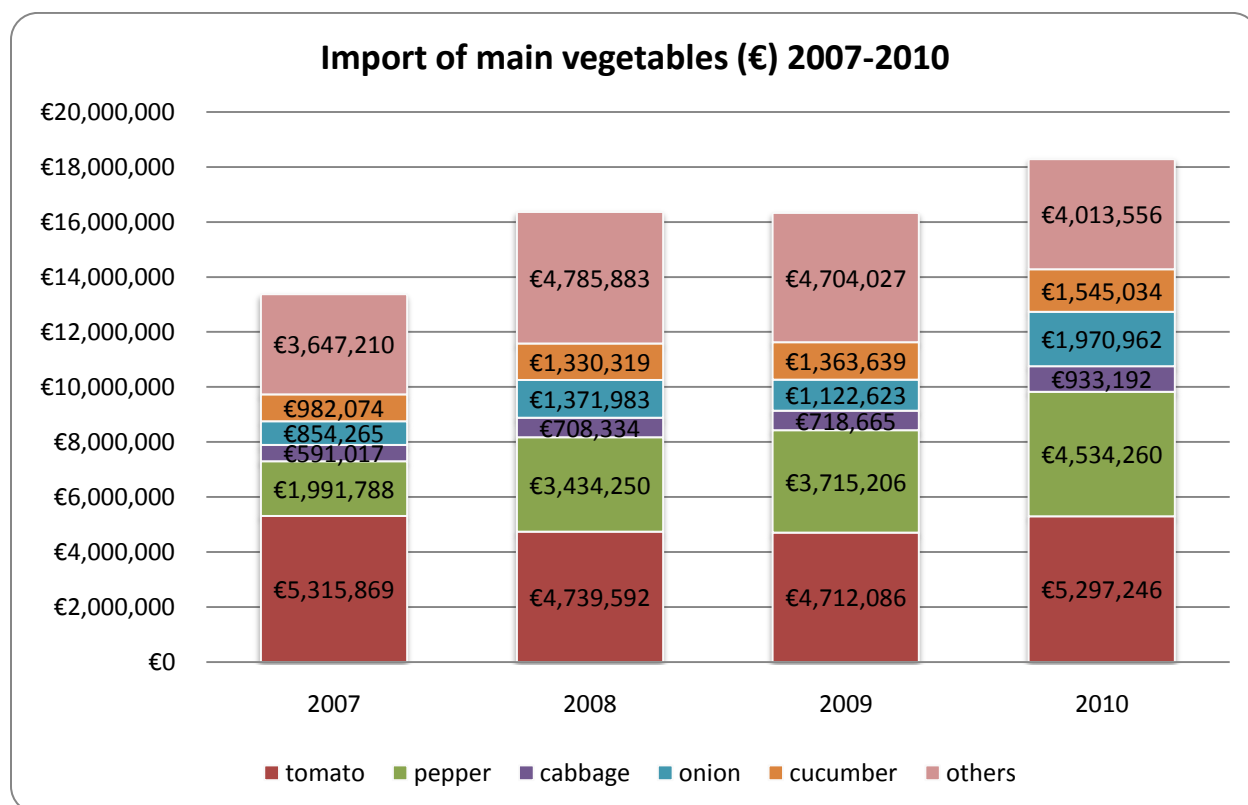
Table 5. – Total exports of main groups of products in Euros and tonnes – year 2010

Almost 23.4 thousand tonnes of fresh vegetables were exported from Kosovo in 2010. Compared to year 2009 quantities exported of total fresh vegetables have increased by 600 tonnes. 811 tonnes of fresh fruits were exported from Kosovo in 2010, which is about 100 tonnes more than in 2009 and 800 tonnes less than in 2008. Processed fruit products export quantities are at about 6.9 thousand tonnes and processed vegetable products close to 828 tonnes. Most of the processed fruit products exported are fruit drinks prepared from imported concentrates.

## 2. Main vegetables – import and export data, trade by country 2007-2010

### 2.1 Import of main vegetables

Five main vegetables analyzed in this section include tomato, pepper, cabbage, onion and cucumber. As seen in the table 6 below, Kosovo imports high values of these main vegetables.



Year	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total import 5 main vegetables in Euros	13,384,230	16,372,369	16,338,254	18,296,261
Total import 5 main vegetables in tonnes	39,508	38,950	46,443	50,359

Table 6. – Import of main vegetables in values and tonnes 2007-2010

In 2010 out of the five vegetables considered, tomato import values are highest with an increasing trend and an increase in quantities of more than 2,000 tonnes from 2008. Pepper import also has a significant increasing trend in values and quantities in 2010 as compared to 2009. Cabbage import shows a considerable decrease in quantities in 2010, but an increase in values imported. Onion import shows a highly increasing trend over the past years in quantities and values; only in 2010 there was an increase of about 3,000 tonnes or 850 thousand Euros of onions imported. Cucumber import shows a decrease by about 800 tonnes or 700 thousand Euros in 2010 as compared to 2009.

## 2.2 Countries of origin of import for main vegetables

The table below shows main countries of origin of import for main vegetable imports in 2010 by value.

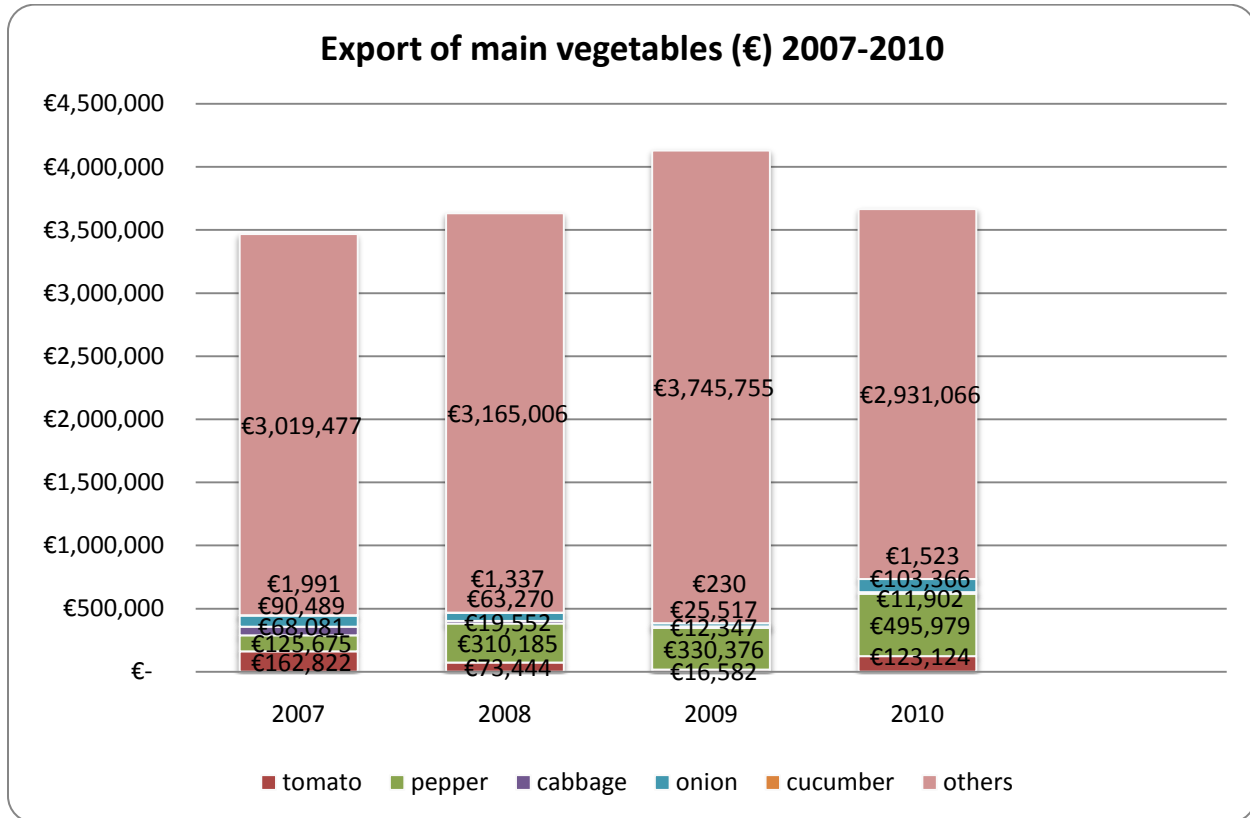
Import	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)
<b>Tomato</b>	Turkey	59.6%	3,154,540	6,136	Macedonia	16.9%	894,210	4,103	Others	23.5%	1,248,496	3,986
<b>Pepper</b>	Turkey	51.4%	2,320,073	2,912	Macedonia	43.9%	1,981,600	4,187	Others	4.7%	232,588	409
<b>Cabbage</b>	Macedonia	87.3%	798,586	4,971	Albania	11.3%	103,766	641	Others	1.4%	12,852	172
<b>Onion</b>	Netherlands	49.6%	684,572	1,261	Macedonia	35.9%	495,821	2,438	Others	14.5%	199,297	3,142
<b>Cucumber</b>	Macedonia	48.7%	752,264	2,609	Turkey	30.1%	465,753	905	Others	21.2%	327,016	945

**Table 7. – Countries of origin of import for main vegetable imports in 2010 by value**

In 2010 tomatoes imported in Kosovo came mainly from Turkey (59.6%), as well as Macedonia (16.9%). It is interesting to mention that the share in quantity of tomato imports coming from Albania has increased about four times compared to previous years. In 2010 peppers were mainly imported from Turkey (51.4%) and Macedonia (43.9%). It should be mentioned that in the previous three years Turkey has been the origin of the highest quantities of pepper imports to Kosovo, but in 2010 Macedonia leads in terms of quantities. As in previous years, in 2010 cabbages have been imported mostly from Macedonia (87.3%), but also from Albania (11.3%). Onions imported in Kosovo in 2010 came in higher value from Netherlands (49.6%) and Macedonia (35.9%). In 2010 cucumbers were imported from Macedonia (48.7%) and Turkey (30.1%). There is an evident increasing trend in imported quantities of cucumber from Albania over the last years.

## 2.3 Export of main vegetables

Five main vegetables analyzed in this section include tomato, pepper, cabbage, onion and cucumber. As seen in the table below, Kosovo exports relatively small values of these main vegetables.



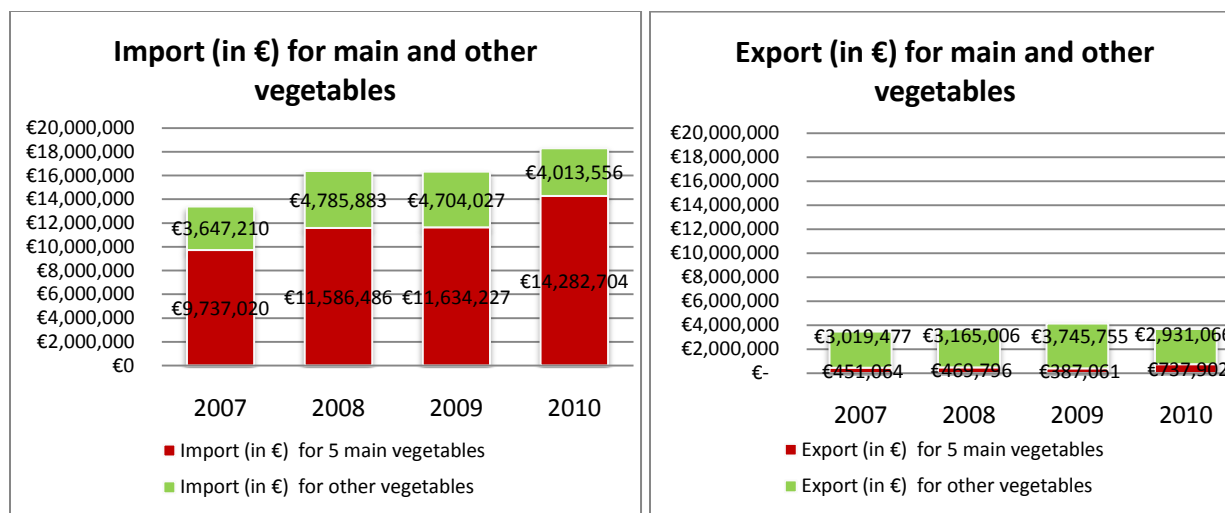
Year	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total export vegetables in Euros	3,470,541	3,634,802	4,132,816	3,668,968
Total export vegetables in tonnes	22,514	23,060	22,711	23,357

Table 8. – Export of main vegetables in values and tonnes 2007-2010

As seen in table 8 above Kosovo values of exports of five main vegetables are very low compared to imports. In 2010 out of the five vegetables considered pepper exports are highest in terms of value and also quantity with an increase of 932 tonnes over 2009. Tomato and onion exports in 2010 did not exceed 700 tonnes and a value of about 225 thousand Euros for both crops. On the other hand cabbage and cucumber exports are very low in 2010. Over the period 2007-2010 few trends have been observed. There is a clear increase tendency in exports of peppers, which is not the case with the other vegetables considered.

## 2.4 Total imports and exports in vegetable group (2007-2010)

Further on this section will analyze the share of 5 main vegetables within the total vegetable imports and exports. The five main vegetables considered are: tomato, pepper, cabbage, onion and cucumber.



Graph 1 – Import and Export in value (€) for 5 main vegetables and other vegetables

The above graphs represent values in Euros for imports and exports of five main vegetables and other vegetables for the period 2007-2010. Import value of five main vegetables shows a considerable increase (exceeding 2.5 Million Euros) in 2010 over the previous year. Import of other vegetables is stable during years 2008 and 2009, but shows a decrease in 2010.

On the other hand, in 2010 export value of five main vegetables represents an increase of about 350 thousand Euros over year 2009. Export of other vegetables shows an increase in value during years 2007-2009, while in 2010 there is a considerable decrease by about 815 thousand Euros.

## 2.5 Countries of destination of export for main vegetables

The table below shows main countries of destination of export for main vegetable imports in 2010 by value.

Export	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)
Tomato	Montenegro	47.7%	58,693	351	Bosnia	18.1%	22,248	125	Others	34.2%	42,183	172
	Pepper	Montenegro	21.0%	105,299	859	Germany	20.0%	83,217	799	Others	59.0%	307,462
Cabbage	Montenegro	81.6%	9,709	85	Serbia	16.1%	1,912	24	Others	2.3%	281	4
Onion	Albania	52.6%	54,400	339	Montenegro	41.7%	43,102	324	Others	5.7%	5,863	31
Cucumber	Montenegro	95.0%	1,447	14	Bosnia	2.6%	40	0.2	Others	2.4%	36	0.3

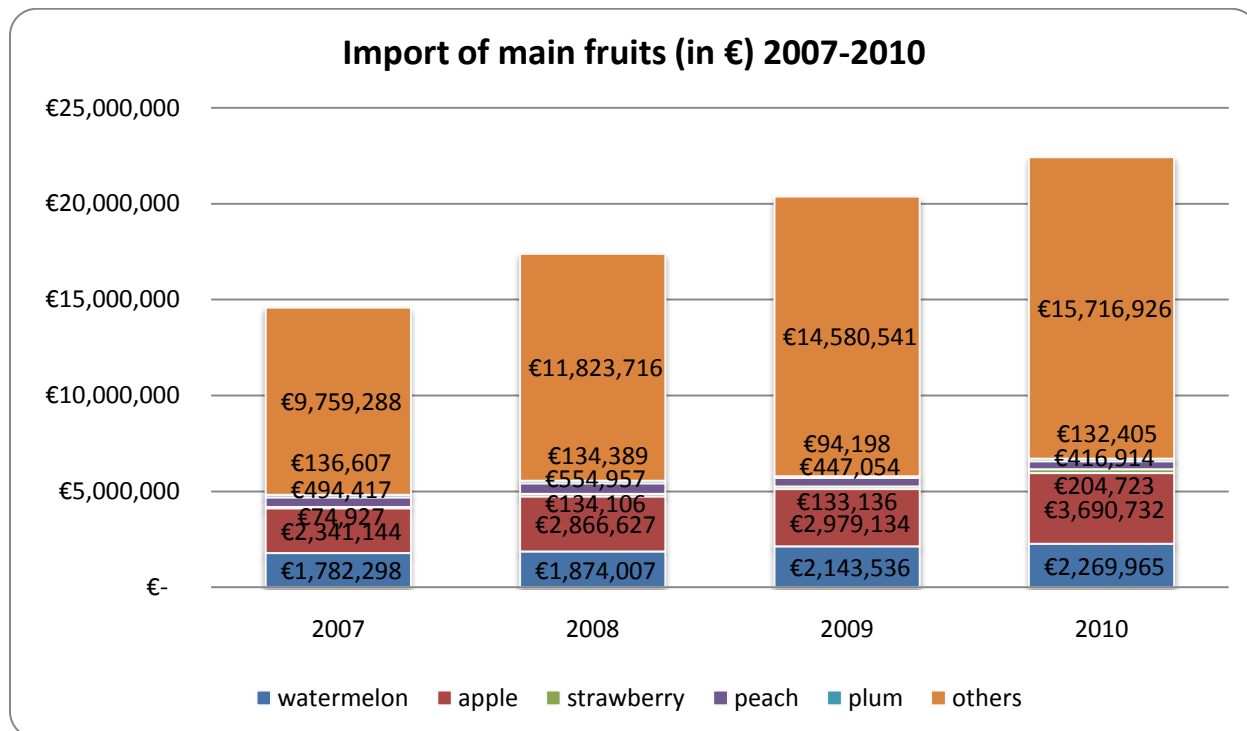
Table 9. – Countries of destination of export for main vegetable exports in 2010 by value

In 2010 tomatoes exported from Kosovo in terms of value went mainly to Montenegro (47.7%) and Bosnia (18.1%). Montenegro has been the main destination of Kosovo tomato exports in the past years. In 2010 Kosovo peppers in terms of value were mainly exported to Montenegro (21.0%) and Germany (20.0%). In 2010 cabbages from Kosovo were mostly exported to Montenegro (81.6%) and Serbia (16.1%). In past years cabbages were also mostly exported to Montenegro. In 2010 onion export values went to Albania (52.6%) and Montenegro (41.7%). A similar distribution of onion exports is observed in previous years. Cucumber exports were very small and went mainly to Montenegro (95.0%). There are a few visible trends in export of main vegetables. The distribution of Kosovo exports by country is similar to previous years and quantities are still low. Montenegro, Serbia and Albania are the main countries where Kosovo exports main vegetables.

### 3. Main fruits – import and export data, trade by country 2007-2010

#### 3.1 Import of main fruits

Five main fruits analyzed in this section include watermelon, apple, strawberry, peach and plum. As seen in the table below, Kosovo imports high values of these main fruits.



Year	2007	2008	2009	2010
Total import fruits in Euros	14,588,681	17,387,803	20,377,598	22,431,665
Total import fruits in tonnes	37,651	34,699	57,950	63,837

Table 10. – Import of main fruits in values and tonnes 2007-2010

In 2010 out of the five fruits considered, apple import values are highest with an increasing trend; value of apple import increased by 700 thousand Euros in 2010 as compared to 2009. Watermelon import values increase at a lower rate in 2010 with about 125 thousand Euros more than in 2009. Strawberry import values are generally low over the period analyzed, an increase in value of 70 thousand Euros is observed in 2010 compared to 2009. Peach import values fluctuate over the past years; in 2010 there is a slight decrease in value of about 40 thousand Euros. Plum import value is not very high in 2010, however there is an increase in value by about 40 thousand Euros over year 2009.

### 3.2 Countries of origin of import for main fruits

The table below shows main countries of origin of import for main fruits imports in 2010 by value.

Import	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)
Watermelon	Albania	60.1%	1,363,515	12,223	Macedonia	37.6%	852,539	5,605	Others	2.3%	53,911	191
Apple	Macedonia	80.8%	2,982,283	11,132	Serbia	5.2%	191,797	782	Others	14.0%	516,652	1,107
Strawberry	Macedonia	88.5%	181,078	146	Serbia	9.9%	20,336	36	Others	1.6%	3,309	2
Peach	Serbia	62.5%	260,381	843	Macedonia	30.0%	125,126	371	Others	7.5%	31,407	66
Plum	Macedonia	53.7%	71,111	166	Serbia	35.7%	47,299	119	Others	10.6%	13,994	28

Table 11. – Countries of origin of import for main fruit imports in 2010 by value

In 2010 watermelon was mostly imported in Kosovo from Albania (60.1%) and Macedonia (37.6%). It is noticed that in year 2010 Albania leads in Kosovo imports of watermelon by quantity and value, while in previous years Macedonia was the main import country. In 2010 apples were mainly imported from Macedonia (80.8%) and Serbia (5.2%). No significant import of apples from Greece is observed in 2010, while in previous years apple import from Greece was more than 10% of the total in quantities. In 2010 strawberry imports originated mostly from Macedonia (88.5%) and Serbia (9.9%). In previous years Greece was the most important country in terms of quantities of strawberry imports, however in 2010 the share of strawberry import quantities from Greece dropped from 79.3% to 0.4%. The main countries of origin for peach imports were Serbia (62.5%) and Macedonia (30.0%). In 2010 plum imports were mainly from Macedonia (53.7%) and Serbia (35.7%).

### 3.3 Export of main fruits

As seen in table 12 below Kosovo export values of five main fruits are very low compared to imports.

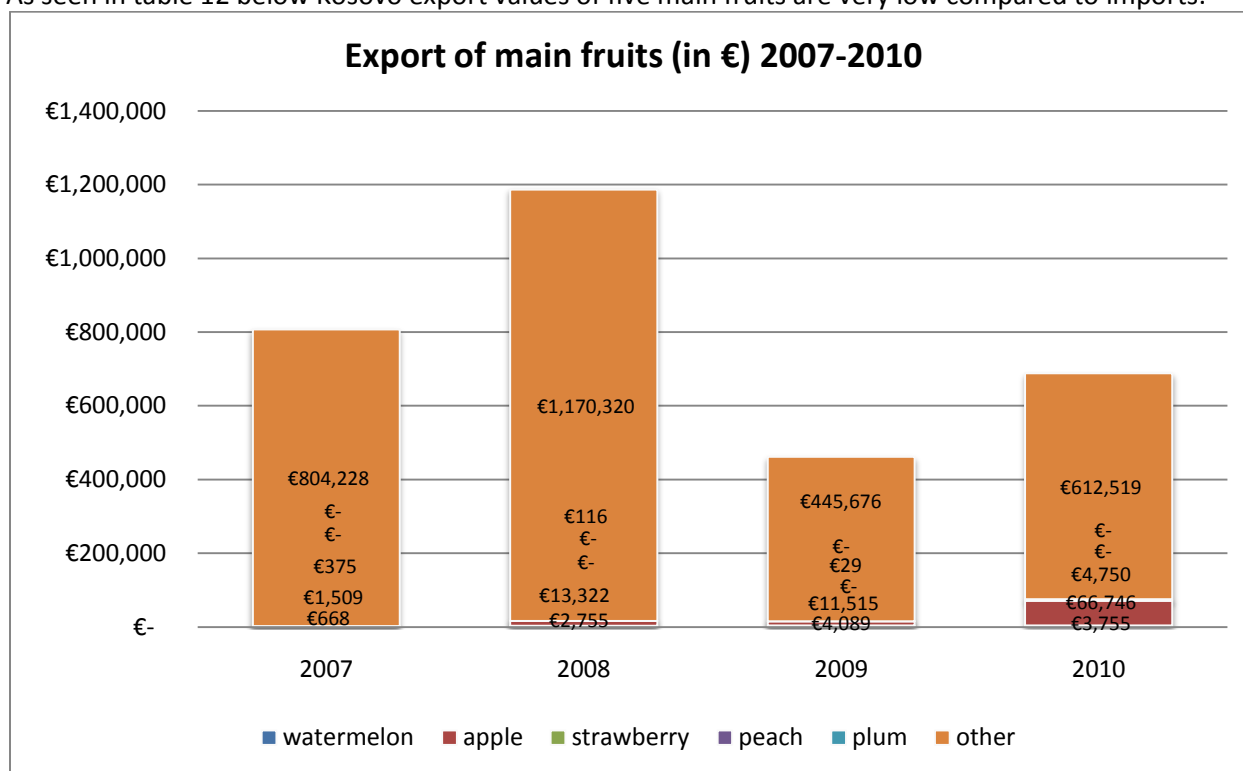
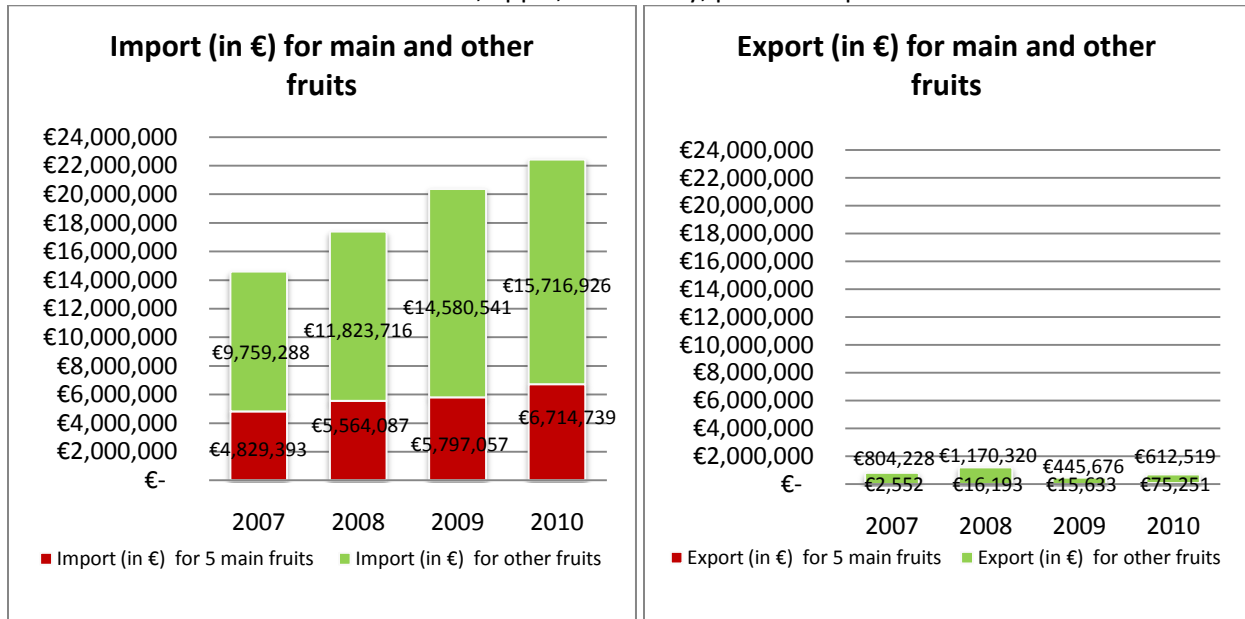


Table 12. – Export of main fruits in value and tonnes 2007-2010

In 2010 out of the five fruits considered apple exports are highest in terms of value. In 2010 apple export value jumped to 67 thousand Euros, from the low base of 11 thousand Euros in 2009. Watermelon export values are at 3.7 thousand Euros in 2010, with little change from the past two years. Strawberry, peach and plum exports are inexistent over the period considered.

### 3.4 Total imports and exports in fresh fruit group (2007-2010)

This section will analyze the share of 5 main fruits within the total fruit imports and exports. The five main fruits considered are: watermelon, apple, strawberry, peach and plum.



Graph 2 – Import and Export in value (€) for 5 main fruits and other fruits

Graph 2 represent values in Euros for imports and exports of five main fruits and other fruits for the period 2007-2010.

Import value of five main fruits shows an increase every year since 2007. In 2010 alone there was an increase in import value of five main fruits by 915 thousand Euros. Import of other fruits shows a high increase during years 2007-2010, with an additional value of 6 million Euros in 2010 as compared to 2007.

On the other hand, in 2010 export value of five main fruits represents very low values, even though there is an increase from the low base of years 2007-2009. Export of other fruits is lower in the period 2009-2010 than in the period 2007-2008. About 610 thousand Euros worth of fruits were exported in 2010.

### 3.5 Countries of destination of export for main fruits

The table below shows main countries of destination for main fruit exports in 2010 by value.

Export	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)
<b>Watermelon</b>	Switzerland	86.7%	3,255	33	Germany	9.3%	350	7	Others	4.0%	150	1
<b>Apple</b>	Germany	50.7%	33,821	30	Macedonia	48.7%	32,499	33	Others	0.6%	426	3
<b>Strawberry</b>	Serbia	94.7%	4,500	1	Montenegro	5.3%	250	0.5	Others	0.0%	0	0
<b>Peach</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Others	-	-	-
<b>Plum</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Others	-	-	-

**Table 13. – Countries of destination of export for main fruit exports in 2010 by value**

In 2010 Kosovo exported a small value of watermelon mainly to Switzerland (86.7%) and Germany (9.3%) and a small value of apples mainly to Germany (50.7%) and Macedonia (44.9%).

## 4. Processed fruit and vegetable products – import and export data, trade by country 2007-2010

Processed fruit and vegetable products are analyzed in main groupings including processed cucumbers, processed peppers (excluding ajvar), ajvar, processed tomatoes, processed mushrooms, French fries, potato chips, fruit jams and marmalades, fruit juices and drinks, and different concentrates.

### 4.1 Import of processed fruit and vegetable products

Table 14 below shows Kosovo imports of processed fruit and vegetable products during 2007-2010.

<b>Table 14 - Import of processed fruit and vegetable products in value and tonnes</b>				
<b>Products/Years</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>Cucumbers</b>	323,146	414,881	541,115	392,850
<b>Pepper</b>	813,236	930,467	883,893	723,538
<b>Pepper ajvar</b>	325,388	646,919	953,212	755,541
<b>Tomatoes</b>	420,998	682,237	459,057	663,749
<b>Mushrooms</b>	1,627,365	1,140,595	845,243	1,421,420
<b>Potatoes french fries</b>	1,030,229	835,453	948,946	1,332,043
<b>Potatoes chips</b>	3,672,063	4,171,220	5,518,928	4,618,659
<b>Jams</b>	1,375,395	1,423,410	1,031,238	1,186,393
<b>Compotes</b>	63,769	121,183	185,294	105,094
<b>Juices</b>	5,249,273	4,564,982	4,009,269	1,910,761
<b>Concentrates</b>	1,396,247	837,504	844,846	778,324
<b>Other</b>	4,587,337	5,145,254	6,390,341	7,081,930
<b>Total values (Euros)</b>	<b>20,884,446</b>	<b>20,914,105</b>	<b>22,611,384</b>	<b>20,970,302</b>
<b>Total quantities (t)</b>	<b>25,192</b>	<b>22,839</b>	<b>21,129</b>	<b>17,626</b>

In 2010 processed cucumber products imports value have decreased by 149 thousand Euros as compared to 2009 and this is the lowest quantity of processed cucumbers imported per year during the period 2007-2010. Processed pepper imports value shows a decrease tendency through the period 2007-2010. In 2010 imports of processed peppers excluding ajvar are at about 740 tonnes. Values of ajvar import decreased considerably by about 200 thousand Euros in 2010 as compared to 2009. Values of yearly imports of processed tomato products show fluctuation over the period analyzed. In 2010 about 1,116 tonnes of processed tomato products were imported. Values of imports of processed mushrooms are unstable over the period analyzed, with a high increase by 575 thousand Euros in 2010 as compared to 2009. In 2010 the quantity of processed mushroom products that were imported was 1,010 tonnes. Import value of French fries (processed potatoes) has increased considerably in 2010. In 2010, about 2,697 tonnes of French fries products were imported to Kosovo. Import value of potato chips has fluctuations over the period 2007-2010, with year 2009 being the exception with a very high increase in import value quantity. In 2010 Kosovo has imported 1,362 tonnes of potato chips products.

Import value of fruit jams has decreased gradually; in quantities this decreased amount is by about 1,000 tonnes over the period analyzed. In 2010 import of jams was at 2,181 tonnes. Import value of fruit compotes is low during 2007-2010, in 2010 such import was about 110 tonnes or 105 thousand Euros in value. The value of import of fruit juices has very much decreased from year 2007 to 2010. In 2010 this value is only 1.9 Million Euros with a decrease of more than 2 million only compared to year 2009. In 2010 import of fruit juices in terms of quantities is at 2,920 tonnes. Import value and quantity of concentrates has also decreased to a great extent between the years analyzed; in 2010 such import was 672 tonnes or about 780 thousand Euros in value.

#### 4.2 Countries of origin of import for processed fruit and vegetable products

The table below shows main countries of origin of import for main processed products in 2010 by value.

Import	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qtty (t)
Cucumbers	Macedonia	57.9%	227,060	199	Serbia	31.0%	121,075	148	Others	11.1%	44,715	52
Pepper	Macedonia	55.0%	395,973	428	Serbia	24.0%	176,900	198	Others	21.0%	150,665	114
Pepper ajvar	Macedonia	69.0%	521,565	355	Serbia	19.0%	141,650	140	Others	12.0%	92,326	61
Tomatoes	Italy	52.0%	346,284	630	China	13.0%	84,943	136	Others	35.0%	232,521	350
Mushrooms	China	45.0%	643,300	429	Serbia	36.0%	519,132	468	Others	19.0%	258,988	111
Potatoes french fries	Serbia	39.0%	513,727	1,079	Germany	35.0%	468,095	1,006	Others	26.0%	350,220	611
Potatoes chips	Serbia	56.0%	2,574,086	767	Croatia	26.0%	1,215,551	356	Others	18.0%	829,022	239
Jams	Macedonia	30.0%	351,060	826	Serbia	24.0%	287,891	653	Others	46.0%	547,442	702
Compotes	Croatia	37.0%	38,743	21	Greece	27.0%	28,205	45	Others	36.0%	38,146	43
Juices	Serbia	39.0%	753,852	1,211	Austria	24.0%	455,777	758	Others	37.0%	701,132	950
Concentrates	Macedonia	48.0%	374,011	343	Serbia	35.0%	275,256	218	Others	17.0%	129,057	111

**Table 15. – Countries of origin of import for processed products import in 2010 by value**

In 2010 cucumber processed products were imported mainly from Macedonia (57.9) and Serbia (31.0%). Processed pepper products excluding ajvar were imported mainly from Macedonia (55.0%) and Serbia (24.0%). In 2010 import of ajvar was mainly from Macedonia (69.0%) and Serbia (19.0%). Import of processed tomato products was mainly from Italy (52.0%) and China (13%). Processed mushrooms were imported mainly from China (45.0%) and Serbia(36.0%). French fries (potatoes) were mainly imported from Serbia (39.0%) and Germany (35.0%). Potato chips were imported mainly from Serbia (39.0%) and Croatia (26%). In 2010 fruit jams were mainly imported from Macedonia (30.0%) and Serbia (24.0%). Fruit compotes were mainly imported from Croatia (37.0%) and Greece (27.0%). Fruit juices were mainly imported from Serbia (39.0%) and Austria (26%). In 2010 concentrates (mainly fruit) were mostly imported from Macedonia (48.0%) and Serbia (35%).

### 4.3 Export of processed fruit and vegetable products

Below is table 16 with more detailed information on export values for each of the fruit and vegetable processed products during the period 2007-2010.

<b>Table 16 - Export of processed fruit and vegetable products in value and tonnes</b>				
<b>Products/Years</b>	<b>2007</b>	<b>2008</b>	<b>2009</b>	<b>2010</b>
<b>Cucumbers</b>	7,956	39,513	29,605	45,413
<b>Pepper</b>	131,885	261,969	106,169	204,312
<b>Pepper ajvar</b>	90,233	114,584	45,323	112,065
<b>Tomatoes</b>	114	8,777	1,757	
<b>Mushrooms</b>	545,239	50,599	33,659	49,800
<b>Potatoes french fries</b>	6,701	675	104,634	51,746
<b>Potatoes chips</b>	33,238	144,438	33,864	13,985
<b>Jams</b>	511,089	326,544	219,705	475,963
<b>Compotes</b>	71,774	197,780	239,864	167,382
<b>Juices</b>	598,893	1,406,778	910,937	1,514,903
<b>Concentrates</b>	1,065,776	515,908	558,807	393,888
<b>Other</b>	109,049	50,543	19,063	34,532
<b>Total values (Euros)</b>	<b>3,171,946</b>	<b>3,118,106</b>	<b>2,303,387</b>	<b>3,063,989</b>
<b>Total quantities (t)</b>	<b>6,894</b>	<b>7,595</b>	<b>5,667</b>	<b>7,712</b>

Values of exported processed cucumbers have increased during the period considered even though from a low base in 2007. In 2010 quantities of processed cucumbers exported were 48 tonnes. The value of processed pepper products (excluding ajvar) that have been exported in 2010 was 204 thousand Euros, which is more than the value in 2009, but less than the value in 2008. Ajvar export value is higher in 2008 and 2010, with year 2009 at lowest export value and quantity. In 2010 about 102 tonnes of ajvar were exported from Kosovo. Processed tomato products have only been exported in very low quantities and values during years 2007-2010, and in the 2009 no quantities of processed tomatoes were exported. The value of export of processed mushrooms has decreased more than 10 times between 2007 and 2010. In 2010 the quantity of processed mushrooms exported was only 12 tonnes. Export of French fries shows an increasing trend during the period analyzed. In 2010 export of French fries was 64 tonnes. Potato chips exports are lowest in value and quantity in 2010 compared with other years in the period analyzed. Only 5 tonnes of potato chips were exported in 2010. Fruit jams export value has more than doubled in 2010 compared to 2009, however the best export year for fruit jams was in 2007. In 2010 Kosovo exported 571 tonnes of fruit jams. Fruit compotes export value and quantity are relatively stable in the last 3 years of the period considered. In 2010 fruit compotes exported from Kosovo were 133 tonnes. Export values of fruit juices and drinks shows a clear increasing tendency during the period analyzed. In 2010 export of fruit juices and drinks reached 4,817 tonnes. Fruit concentrates export values show a decreasing tendency during 2007-2010. In 2010 the quantity of concentrates exported was 1,347 tonnes.

#### 4.4 Countries of destination of export for processed fruit and vegetable products

The table below shows main countries of destination for main processed products exports in 2010 by value.

Export	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)	Country	% value	value €	qty (t)
Cucumbers	Austria	98.8%	44,861	47	Macedonia	1.2%	552	1	Others	0.0%	-	-
Pepper	Austria	100.0%	204,312	308	-	-	-	-	Others	0.0%	-	-
Pepper ajvar	Germany	47.0%	52,278	44	Macedonia	35.0%	39,088	39	Others	18.0%	20,699	19
Tomatoes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Others	-	-	-
Mushrooms	Italy	100.0%	49,800	12	-	-	-	-	Others	-	-	-
Potatoes french fries	Macedonia	92.0%	47,482	41	Croatia	7.0%	3,717	23	Others	1.0%	547	0.2
Potatoes chips	Albania	100.0%	13,985	5	-	-	-	-	Others	-	-	-
Jams	Macedonia	93.0%	444,686	545	Romania	4.0%	16,877	14	Others	3.0%	14,401	11
Compotes	Croatia	62.0%	103,734	84	Macedonia	30.0%	50,169	39	Others	8.0%	13,479	9
Juices	Macedonia	87.0%	1,319,097	4,124	Albania	9.0%	134,354	512	Others	4.0%	61,451	181
Concentrates	Albania	69.0%	272,296	999	Macedonia	28.0%	109,604	320	Others	3.0%	11,988	27

**Table 17. – Countries of destination of export for processed products exports in 2010 by value**

In 2010 processed cucumber products were exported mainly to Austria (98.8%) and Macedonia (1.2%). Processed peppers were exported to Austria (100%). Ajvar was mainly exported to Germany (47.0%) and Macedonia (35.0%). Processed mushrooms were exported to Italy (100%). French fries were exported to Macedonia (92.0%) and Croatia (7.0%). Potato chips were exported to Albania (100%). Fruit jams were exported mainly to Macedonia (93.0%) and Romania (3%). Compotes were mainly exported to Croatia (62.0%) and Macedonia (30.0%). Fruit juices and drinks were mainly exported to Macedonia (87.0%) and Albania (9.0%). Concentrates were mainly exported to Albania (69.0%) and Macedonia (28.0%).